WANTED—A ...
WANTED—A ...
WANTED—30 Boat Builders ...
WANTED—A ... and Engineer ...
WANTED—A ... Agent ...
WANTED—To Rent a ...
WANTED—To Exchange—...
WANTED—Agents ...
WANTED—Boot Makers. ...
WANTED—By a ... Agent ...
WANTED—Agents ...
WANTED—To trade, cash ...
WANTED—One hundred good ...
WANTED—A first ... Trimmer ...
WANTED—By a ... Agent ...
WANTED—A ... Agent ...
WANTED—A good young ...
WANTED—By a single ... man ...
WANTED—Booksellers ...
WANTED—A Housekeeper ...
WANTED—A situation ...
WANTED—Agents, Wake ...
WANTED—Agents ...
WANTED—Agents wanted ...
WANTED—A German lady ...
WANTED—Employment for ...
WANTED—AGENTS—Male or ...
WANTED! WANTED!—35 ...
WANTED—A Situation. ...
WANTED—A Situation ...
WANTED—Agents ...
GUNS! GUNS! GUNS! ...
CITY HOSPITAL.—This ...
WANTED, AGENTS—$15 per ...
GREAT NEW PATRIOTIC Combination Prize Package. ...
WOOL! ...
WANTED—Purchaser in ...
WANTED—Agents wanted ...

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PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.
Office, No. 51 Clark Street.
TERMS OF THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE
Delivered in city, per week $0.25
Delivered in city, per month ..... .75
Delivered in city, per year 9.00
Sent to subscribers, per six months 4.50
Sent to subscribers, per year 7.00
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VOLUME XVI. CHICAGO, MONDAY, AUGUST 4, 1862. NUMBER 21.

The Tribune.

MONDAY, AUGUST 4, 1862.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican voters of Cook County are requested to meet in the several places of holding elections, at two o'clock p. m., on Tuesday, Aug. 12th, 1862, and in the wards of the city at the places hereinafter mentioned, then and there to elect two delegates from each ward, at four o'clock p. m. of said day, to choose delegates to a Convention, to assemble at the Sheriff's Room in the Court House, in the city of Chicago, on Wednesday, the 13th day of August next, at two o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of nominating a Representative to the Congress of the United States from the 1st Congressional District of this State, which is now composed of the county of Cook.

All who are in favor of sustaining the present vigorous prosecution of the war, for the defeat of traitors, and the extinction of treason, are cordially invited to meet and act with the Republicans at the times and places specified.

The different wards and towns will be entitled to delegates as follows:

Wards.	Delegates.	Wards.	Delegates.
1st Ward	11	Palos	2
2d "	4	Lemont	2
3d "	5	Lyons	2
4th "	5	Ex Grove	1
5th "	3	Orland	1
6th "	3	West Chicago	2
7th "	3	Lake	1
8th "	3	Lake Park	1
9th "	3	Lemont	1
10th "	3	Lake	1
11th "	3	Lake View	1
12th "	3	Northfield	1
13th "	3	Jo. Daviess	1
14th "	3	Niles	2
15th "	3	Wheeling	2
16th "	3	Cicero	2
17th "	3	South Chicago	2
18th "	3	Hyde Park	2
19th "	3	Jefferson	2
20th "	3	Norwood	1
21st "	3	Hanover	1
22d "	3	New Trier	2
Total	110		44

In the city of Chicago the meetings will be held at the following places, and the polls will be opened at four o'clock p. m. and kept open until seven o'clock:

In the 1st ward—At Dearborn's Court House.
In 2d ward—26 State street.
In 3d ward—Sheriff's Office in Court House, Clark street.
In 4th ward—Engine house, corner of Washington and Clinton streets.
In 5th ward—West Market.
In 6th ward—F. Pelham's, corner of Wells and Kinzie streets.
In 7th ward—North Market.
In 8th ward—Carpenter's shop on Cass street, between Superior and Kinzie.
In 9th ward—Chas. Lind, corner of Twelf

The Tribune.

MONDAY, AUGUST 4, 1862.

GOV. YATES' SPEECH.

Gov. Yates' speech, published in our issue of yesterday, has the true ring. It reflects the war spirit of the Northwest to a hair's breadth. Fight, confiscate and emancipate are now the three articles of every patriot's creed, and they have rarely been enforced with more effect than by Gov. Yates on this occasion. Fight all the time, make the rebels pay the cost, and leave freedom in the rear of our armies—this is what the people want and what they are determined to have.

The Chicago *Times* throws off its thin mask of loyalty in denouncing Gov. Yates' speech, and endorsing in the same breath the treasonable utterances of Wickliffe and Carlile at the tory Convention of Indiana. We are rejoiced that henceforth there are to be no false pretenses. The Unionism of the Chicago *Times* is confessedly that of the hoary-headed villain who has brought Kentucky to the verge of armed rebellion against the United States, and of that other who does not even pretend to represent the loyalists of Western Virginia, who voted against their admission into the Union, and who votes and speaks on all occasions in the interest of the guerillas who are murdering and plundering loyal citizens, and straining every nerve to carry their section over to Jeff. Davis. A heavy hand will drop down on some of these characters if they are not more careful in their ways.

CONTRIBUTIONS OF THE NORTH-WEST.

Mr. George B. Smith, of this city, who is compiling a Western Army Register, soon to be published, kindly furnishes us with the contributions which each of the Northwestern States has made, in men, to the present war against rebellion. His information is derived from official sources and may be relied upon as correct:

SENT FROM THE NORTHWEST.

Illinois troops	60,319
Indiana troops	30,000
Michigan troops	30,000
Missouri troops	24,256
Wisconsin troops	21,000
Iowa troops	19,555
Minnesota troops	5,321
Kansas troops	3,500
Nebraska troops	1,240
Colorado troops	1,700
Total	197,351

The men who are searching for excuses for the way in which the war has been carried on, hold that no such number of troops have been furnished by the loyal States as the public generally believe; and that the present embarrassments of the Government grew out of the scantiness of the early enlistments. The excuse either is not valid, or the other parts of the Union have not done as well as the States of the West. Those enumerated above contain, according to the census of 1860, a population somewhat below six millions, while the entire population of the loyal States is, including Delaware, Maryland, Missouri, Kentucky and the District of Columbia, and omitting Colorado and Nebraska, from which we have no census returns, 22,340,776; and out of that population if the Western ratio of enlistments had been kept up in New York, New England and Pennsylvania, we ought to have had fraction more than 870,000 men. It is probable, however, that the contributions of the States last named have not been equal to those of the West; but make large deductions for their deficiencies, and we see no way of counting down the aggregate armies of the Republic to a point below 700,000 men. At least our generals must have had that number when the call preceding the one now pending was answered, and they, the War Department, Congress and all hands cried, enough. What they have done with them we do not undertake to say.

In this connection, it is a matter of some consequence to inquire how great a draft for men the country, if foreign intervention should occur, or if Breckinridge Democrats still continue to command all our armies, can bear. We of the West, have, up to this time, sent one in twenty-five of our whole population; and it is safe to say that with entire unity of action, among all parties, we can double that number; and when the question is so explained that all can see that we must pour out more men or submit to disunion or degradation, the West can send one man to the field for every ten persons left at home. This is a large estimate; but the results have been attained elsewhere in extraordinary emergencies, and we here say can do what has been done, or do the next thing, die a-trying.

FILL UP THE OLD REGIMENTS.

Intending no offense to new officers of regiments so exceedingly new that they have no existence, we must say that we are utterly opposed to the plan that has brought them out. What is wanted are men not officers. One loud and earnest call comes from the army to fill up the old regiments. There they stand, shattered by exposure, disease, and battle. Their effective force is reduced one-half. And yet the mechanism of each is complete, and the whole in working order. A new recruit to an old regiment is half a soldier as soon as he has a musket in his hands. The President himself has said that 100,000 men enlisted in the old regiments would be worth more than 300,000 in new organizations, and he sent a note to this effect to the War Department.

In a letter received by Gov. Washburn, from Gen. McClellan, dated July 15th, the latter earnestly enforces the consideration that new enlistments should be made to fill up old regiments, rather than to raise all new ones. Gen. McClellan says: "I would prefer 50,000 recruits for my old regiments to 100,000 men organized in new regiments." Gen. Pope, Gen. Burnside, Gen. Sickels, and other officers have recently borne the same testimony in a most public manner. Look at the losses in the Western Department since Belmont, an official estimate, remember:

Casualties in the battles of Belmont, Mill Spring, Fort Donelson, Shiloh, Pea Ridge, subtracting those slightly wounded and returned to duty	18,000
In other affairs of minor importance	5,000
By disease (dead and absent)	60,000
Discharged	9,500
Total	92,500

And this loss would be far less serious were it sixty-three and a half regiments entire, but it stands divided among more than twice that number. The regiments of our entire army scarcely average 500 men each. There are batteries in the field fully officered with less than fifty men. Now it is madness and folly that continues to swell the list of these skeleton organizations. We feel a pride in the noble Board of Trade battery, but that number of men would serve the country better if taken to fill to a maximum the other batteries from this city. Is it not a shame that Taylor's battery has returned to the government one of its guns on account of short numbers of men? Wood's is scarcely better off, and the others might be consolidated into a single battery, a minimum at that. So of infantry regiments. It is mockery and foolishness to call twenty old new regiments into the field from Illinois, and more new regiments from other States, while the old regiments are waiting to be filled up.

The fault is not with the people but with the Government. Precious time is passing which the rebels are improving.

The New York *Times'* Washington letter says of the rebel reinforcements, that

> "They are bringing reinforcements day and night, from every accessible point of the South, into new entrenchments which they are confident they have near 300,000 men in and around Richmond. All talk of rebel demonstration in other directions are feints, meant to conceal their real design, which is to capture or destroy McClellan's army, and then march against the North. Everything conspires to show the necessity of filling up the old regiments of the armies before Richmond without an hour's delay. The whole power of the rebellion is gathering there for a final blow."

This, while the loyal States are full of skeleton volunteer organizations wrangling and in rivalry with one another, and by eager competition hindering each other's progress. How long is this to go on. The only remedy is to cease at once from the present plan, consolidate the men already enlisted, draft for the entire number required for the 300,000 men of the call, and fill up the old regiments. It should be all accomplished in a month. It might disappoint some budding officers. It might disappoint State pride by postponing the reaching of the 900th regiment (*by number*) but it would end the war, and save the country.

THE CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

Among all the associations and societies in existence in the West—aye, or even in the East—there is none probably which has so fairly earned the respect and honor of our people as the Chicago Board of Trade. Composed as it is of merchants, brokers and commission dealers—it has demonstrated almost for the first time in the annals of our country, that it is not a necessity of success in business to be soulless, selfish and unprincipled. While its members have been engaged in operations, the nature and extent of which may be said to be extra-hazardous and foolhardy—they have never refused aid where it was deserved, or turned away the needy with an empty hand. Whether it has been to assist an orphan asylum or a poor church—a Sunday school or a charitable society—all have found its members on hand to contribute promptly and liberally.

But it is with regard to the noble, patriotic spirit displayed by this association, to which we would at present more particularly refer. When this wicked rebellion broke out, amidst the spontaneous outbursts of patriotism all over the country—the Board of Trade was among the first to give of its means liberally to fit out volunteers for the war—and whenever money was needed, either to relieve the families of soldiers, or to send aid to the wounded on the battle-fields—it has always been found ready and willing to respond. Such has been the liberality displayed on so many different occasions by the Board, that sanitary associations and relief committees of late, when they felt the need of means, have actually felt ashamed to ask from a quarter where they were satisfied more had been given than was duly their share.

It is, however, in the recent movement to aid volunteering for the army where they have earned the gratitude of every patriot. Our readers all recollect how, when the news of the reverses before Richmond was received, and the President called for three hundred thousand more volunteers—that monster mass meetings were held for the purpose of encouraging enlistments. But what did they all amount to? There were big speeches and very small contributions—loud cheers and louder hurrahs for generals and politicians—and the whole affair ended in smoke. Next day there was a general feeling of disappointment at the result—our moneyed men did not come up and respond, and without this, it was known that enlistments would be up-hill work. That evening, however, the Board of Trade held a meeting to see what it, as an association ought to do, and its members nobly resolved to raise ten thousand dollars to organize a battery of artillery, to be called the Board of Trade Battery; but before twenty-four hours had elapsed they had raised twenty thousand dollars, and their battery was full to over-flowing. Then it was that they further resolved to raise a regiment of infantry, and now that is about full—and their subscription list is swollen to nearly fifty thousand dollars!

It is not so much in the work which has been done by the Board itself as in the example which has been held up to the whole country—that the conduct of this Association is so highly creditable to its members. It has infused enthusiasm into every Board of Trade throughout the whole country—Buffalo, Milwaukee, Toledo, Detroit, and even New York and Philadelphia have been moved to action. Where there was apathy there is now zeal, vigor and full demonstrations of patriotism and liberality. The telegraph flashed the news over the wires all over the country, that the Chicago Board of Trade had raised a battery and were now raising a full regiment, and it cheered the President and Cabinet, as well as the generals in the field, while it operated on the whole country as a stimulus to similar exertions.

Have the citizens of Chicago not reason to be proud of their Board of Trade?

Bells, Bells, Bells.

The four hundred and eighteen bells, sent to Boston from New Orleans, were sold at Boston on Wednesday. These bells were sent into New Orleans while yet it was a part of rebeldom, by rebel southerners, in response to Beauregard's call for brass with which to fabricate cannon for use against Union men. When Butler captured New Orleans these fell into his hands, and Boston became the recipient of the trophies. There were bells from church spires, factory bells, steamboat bells, bells of factory bells, large and small—many of them in the best order and of the finest tones. With only a dozen exceptions, the bells had upon their rims or tops, the names of northern makers—the Buckeye works, of Cincinnati, the Allaire works, of Fulton Foundry, Pittsburg, and of the founders of Troy, of Louisville, and other places. The largest bell weighed fourteen hundred and seven pounds. The bell was finally sold for $630. Previous to the sale Col. Thompson made a most eloquent and patriotic speech, which was warmly applauded, showing how deeply in earnest the South were in this war, as was instanced by the bells before us, and calling for an equal earnestness on our part, if we would hope to preserve our country in its integrity.

The Postage Stamp Currency.

The postmaster-general and the commissioner of internal revenue have approved of the specimens of the postage stamp currency, which will be for five, ten, twenty, twenty-five and fifty cents. The design embrace the present five and ten cent postage stamps, tastefully arranged in such a way that they cannot be separated and used for postage. They will bear on their face the following inscription:

> "Postage stamps furnished by the assistant treasurers and designated depositaries of the United States; receivable for postage stamps at any post-office."

Upon the back will be a large figure denoting the denomination, with these words:

> "Exchangeable for United States notes by any assistant treasurer or designated United States depositary, in sums not less than five dollars; receivable in payment of all dues to the United States less than five dollars. Act approved July 17, 1862."

They will be printed on bank note paper, of different sizes, averaging about one-fifth the size of United States notes, and be furnished in sheets during the next two weeks.

The Cartel of Exchange.

The exchange of prisoners of war is regulated by what is called a cartel. That recently agreed upon by Gen. Dix for the general exchange of prisoners is based on the cartel of 1812. It provides for precisely the same system of exchange as has been in force in the Western Department since March last. The provisions are as follows:

General commander-in-chief, or admiral—sixty men.

Lieutenant General, or vice admiral—forty men.

Major General, or rear admiral—thirty men.

Brigadier General, or commodore, with a broad pennant, and a captain under him—twenty men.

Colonel, or captain of a sloop-of-battle ship—fifteen men.

Lieutenant Colonel, or captain of a frigate—ten men.

Major, or commander of a sloop-of-war, bomb ketch, fire ship or packet—eight men.

Captain, or lieutenant or master—six men.

Lieutenant, or master's mate—four men.

Sub-lieutenant, or second, or midshipman, warrant officers, masters of merchant vessels and captains of private armed vessels—three men.

Non-commissioned officers, midshipmen and mates of private armed vessels, masters of merchant vessels and all petty officers of ships of war—two men.

Private soldiers or seamen—one man.

Gen. Mitchel.

The N. Y. Evening *Post's* Washington correspondence of the 31st, says that it is not probable that Gen. Mitchel will go into service again, if at all. There are no charges against him, for the administration, by refusing to accept his offered resignation some weeks ago, showed that it had unabated confidence in him. He is too dashing a general to suit Bull, or even Halleck, and it is now generally understood that he will not be given a command. He is still in Washington, but may soon return to Cincinnati.

☞ The Territory of Dacotah promises to be one of the richest and most productive portions of the country. It is larger than all New England, being equal to seven States of the size of New York.

OUR MEMPHIS LETTER.

The Recent Attack on the Rebel Ram Arkansas.

INTERESTING DETAILS OF THE AFFAIR.

The Capture of the Sallie Wood.

COL. FOWLER, OF CHICAGO, AMONG THE PRISONERS.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

MEMPHIS, Tuesday, July 29th, 1862.

The ram Queen of the West arrived here late yesterday afternoon from Vicksburg, in charge of Lieut. Hunter, *en route* for the north for repairs. Although your regular Vicksburg correspondent sent up dispatches containing the main facts of the third attempt to take the ram Arkansas, I forward the following, which enters somewhat more into particulars. The incidents were communicated to the editor of the *Bulletin* by one of the most careful and reliable of northern newspaper correspondents, and in the main are correct. It was agreed between Commodore Ellet, Commodore Davis, and Commodore Farragut, that an united effort should be made to run ashore and capture the Arkansas. The time agreed upon was last Wednesday morning. The plan was for Commodore Davis to send the gunboats Benton, Cincinnati, and Louisville, and the ram Bragg to engage the land batteries, while the gunboat Essex was to approach the Arkansas at shore, and grapple her, the ram Queen of the West meantime to butt her from the rear. Commodore Farragut's fleet was to operate from below, and if it became necessary, to send the Sumpter up to assist. By daybreak on Wednesday morning everything was in readiness, and by 5 o'clock the gunboats were already on the move.

The gunboats Benton, Cincinnati and Louisville first moved out to engage the land batteries. They were followed by the gunboat Essex, which was to draw the Arkansas out and grapple her. The last to move was the Queen of the West. Commodore Ellett, on getting round Louisiana Point, in view of the Arkansas, was astonished to find that the Essex, so far from carrying out her part of the agreement, fired three shots, and was already three-quarters of a mile below the Arkansas, and still pursuing her course down the river.

On passing the Benton, Commodore Davis put his head to the port-hole and said something, which, from the sound and the strange conduct of the Essex, was construed into an order to "go back." Immediately Commodore Ellet gave the order to reverse the engines; but when the Benton approached, it was found that what was thought a new order was only a benediction of "Good luck!" "Good luck!"

All this occurred in the midst of a galling fire from the land batteries.

The Queen of the West now started down again to engage the Arkansas single handed. The Arkansas meantime had prepared herself for the contest. Her head was now turned up stream and her stern in shore, so as to use guns on both sides effectually. The Queen of the West now made a gallant run down stream. In the midst of a perfect rain of fire and lead, but was compelled, from the position of the Arkansas, to pass below and run up to her. This she did, striking the Arkansas aft the third gun on the port side. The blow was not direct, but a sort of glancing shot, and very materially weakened the Queen, which immediately drew back and ran ashore at Vicksburg, the Arkansas meanwhile pouring a destructive fire upon her. When the Queen ran into the Arkansas, four men are said to have jumped ashore from the latter, while from the noise and confusion which followed, it was clearly to be inferred that she was badly injured.

During the collision the Queen was under a galling fire all the time, and Com. Ellet and his son, a mere youth, stood upon the hurricane deck and both discharged their pistols into the port holes of the Arkansas.

The fire from the land batteries and the Arkansas being very hot, Com. Ellet backed out from the shore, and found, to his surprise, that Com. Davis, with all his gunboats, had retired instead of remaining to cover his retreat, as had been agreed upon.

The Queen came out of the rain of lead as best she could. The only casualty on the Queen was one man injured in the hand by a flying splinter.

The gunboat Essex, which made such good time down the river, had a man killed aboard of her, and two or three wounded.

It is said that the reason Com. Farragut didn't render more assistance than he did was because he couldn't get his boats under way in time.

Altogether, the whole affair seems to have been well planned and hungrily executed, but whether from want of proper understanding or proper co-operation, remains to be seen. The damage to the Queen in the encounter with the Arkansas was quite serious. She broke her prow all to pieces, and the timbers on her starboard side were started and have shrunk considerably. Her various pipe was cut a way, and a shot passed through the fire grating.

There were several remarkable shots during the engagement, but we must content ourselves with tracing the course of one, as follows: It was a 32-pound ball. It entered the after starboard, raked every state-room in the cabin, went through an iron safe in the clerk's office, shattered a gun carriage at the bow, made an indentation on the breech of the gun, rebounded, and slightly wounded Lieut. Hunter.

We learn that Commodore Ellet took sick for two weeks past. Indeed, there is said to be much sickness in the fleet, almost everybody being represented as indisposed. In consequence of which fact, it is understood that the fleet purpose changing position to the mouth of Yazoo River.

Farragut's fleet has gone below, with the exception of three vessels, which remained to protect the Essex and Sumter, boats which run by an unused bend back.

The Queen of the West started up the river last Friday to undergo repairs. At both Carolina landing and Greenaville, she was fired into from the shore, but escaped. She proposes to have a battery of seven guns at Greenville, and poured a most destructive fire upon the Queen, which was struck not less than forty times with cannon and musket. Tals was on Saturday afternoon. The Queen had her escape pipe knocked off, and received several disastrous shots. In fact, her upper works were well riddled with cannon and musket ball.

The terrific fire from the Greenaville batteries, besides seriously riddling the upperworks of the Queen, fatally killed one of the sharpshooters named Thomas W. Spencer, from Cincinnati, and slightly wounded Junius H. Brown of the New York *Tribune*, in the face, by a splinter.

The Queen met the Lioness and Pike bound down, and learned that they, too, had received very unpolitant treatment at Gallin, whose batteries at Greenaville Landing. They also stated that the rebels at Greenaville had captured and burned the Sallie Wood on the evening of the 21st or morning of the 22d inst.

Among those captured on the Sallie Wood were Lieut. Biddle, of Philadelphia, of Gen. Williams' staff, on his way home on sick leave; Lieut. Tubies, 4th Wisconsin; George Gregg, of St. Louis, Engineer of the Sallie Wood, with his wife and one child; Col. Fowler of Chicago, but later of Cairo, a commander in the quartermaster's department at Eastport, autier — Williams and $700 in cash, from Massachusetts; private — Smith, also of Massachusetts and three or four other ladies and children, in all some thirty-five persons. They escaped from the Sallie Wood, but were recaptured the morning day by rebels and taken to Jackson, Miss., some sixty miles in the interior. The following escaped: First Lieutenant I. H. Wing, 4th Wisconsin (was in the woods three days after the fight without food, and taken up by the Carondolet, now coming up the river. Wing is from Hudson, Wis.); pilot of the Sallie Wood named Lucas, resident of Memphis, and a colored boy.

The M. E. Church.

The Methodists have numerous representatives in every Union army in the field, and many Methodist ministers are active workers as army chaplains. The recent Erie annual conference at Youngstown, Ohio, where Bishop Ames presided, was made interesting by the presence of numbers of these representatives of the church militant, and the tone of the whole proceedings was eminently patriotic. An eloquent and truthful preamble set forth the causes of the rebellion and the progress of the war for the restoration of the Union, and closed with the following

RESOLUTIONS:

Resolved, 1st, That the close of this war is not desirable until the arm of oppression is effectually broken and the cause of speech and press permanently secured to all the inhabitants of this great land.

Resolved, 2d, That we most heartily approve of the recent acts of congress, namely, the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, the perpetual exclusion from the territories, together with the life-sweeping act of confiscation, all of which we believe to be constitutional and just, and a glorious triumph over the evil designs of wicked men.

Resolved, 3d, That the time has come when it behooves every Christian with unsparing promptness to lay his means upon the altar of his country, for the support of the war and the relief of the sufferers.

Resolved, 4th, That we express our unqualified disapprobation of all, whether North or South, who have the least sympathy for rebels, and regard them as being in league with the rebellion and traitors to the government.

Resolved, 5th, That we deeply sympathize with our brave soldiers, who are suffering in hospitals, disease and, wounded, and also with those who mourn the loss of friends and kindred who have fallen upon the battle-field.

Resolved, 6th, That in the most critical period of the war, it is more than ever the duty of the church to offer her unceasing and fervent prayers to the God of nations for the success of our arms and the speedy establishment of an honorable and permanent peace.

FROM THE ARMY IN TENNESSEE.

The New Policy of the War.

The Federal Call for Black Labor.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

CAMP NEAR BOLIVAR, TENN., July 26, 1862.

There is nothing of particular interest transpiring here beyond the usual routine of camp life, just now, however, being pleasantly varied by the introduction of the new policy of recognizing that "persons of African descent" may after all be useful in war, and so may profitably be employed for the Union cause. I send you, as a matter of interest, the following order issued by the commander of this post. The principle is well. Enough negroes have come in to enable the general to erect fortifications of considerable magnitude. If it was applied more generally it would save the soldiers much hard fatigue work. That it was not applied a year ago, has cost us thousands of good men, and the country millions.

ATTENTION TO ORDERS.

HEADQUARTERS 2D DIV'N DISTRICT OF JACKSON, BOLIVAR, TENN., July 21, 1862.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 5.—In order to maintain peace and quiet and protect persons and property from molestation or injury in this District, it will be necessary to occupy this place with a small force until the close of our national difficulties. And in order that our troops may easily protect themselves against the guerilla bands infesting the country it is necessary to erect fortifications.

To this end I hereby call upon all owners of slaves living within ten miles of this post, to forward at once to these Head quarters at least three-fourths of their male slaves, from the ages of fifteen to forty years, to aid in said work. A blanket or quilt will be furnished by the owner, if possible, to every two slaves forwarded.

Rations, cooking utensils, and working implements will be furnished by the quarter master. It is hoped that there will be no delay in at once responding to this call. And it is confidently believed that the patriotic citizens of Hardeman county will gladly co-operate with our troops, by putting a stop to the destruction of life and property which is disgracing our country and race. By order of

Brig. Gen'l L. F. ROSS.

F. A. DALLAM, A. A. G.

I am requested by the officers of the 61st Illinois, (Col. Fry's,) to give the following list of names, which it is desired you would insert in your paper. These men have been absent from the regiment for a long time. Under the recent orders issued by General Halleck they may be treated as deserters. Will you append to the list that if they do not immediately return they will be treated as deserters:

THE ABSENTEES.

61st REGIMENT ILLINOIS VOLUNTEERS, CO. I.	
Samuel H. Knapp,	John S. Lawrence,
Henry Palmer,	Paul J. Lawrence,
George C. Kirby,	T. B. Montgomery,
A. H. Allen,	Edward Strawnbridge,
James Parker,	John Wright,
Jacob Bowman,	A. Hilson,
R. A. Bullock,	Philip Hanenstein.

All the above live in Chicago, or its vicinity.

JAMES LAWRENCE, Capt. Co. I.

The Rich Men of Chicago.

A line has arrived in our national affairs when it is not injustice but each man's right to know what his neighbor is doing for the common cause. There are men in the city of Chicago with princely incomes who have not yet given a dollar. So great have been the opportunities in America, so large the beneficence and so light the burdens of our government, that with very modern's natural abilities they have accumulated great wealth, and now, in the hour of their country's need, they maintain a cowardly prudence and hide themselves in their palatial homes to sullenly deplore some paltry loss or perhaps decrease of income, a tenth of which suffced every want.

Gentlemen, you shall not be allowed to thus evade your obligations. Do not suppose that in the confusion and excitement which pervades the land you can escape. The people know and mark you as you glide along through the street in eager pursuit of that which has hardened your affections, consumed the love of your country, and which in its abundance shall curse your children still more. Would the just demands of the public disturb your plans of avarice with a thought of fear? You turn to the laws and institutions of your country for protection; yet you are found unwilling to contribute a dollar to preserve those institutions and maintain those laws. With a miser's infatuation you refuse to support that by virtue of which alone you hold whatever you have.

During the past week Chicago has presented a noble spectacle—a cessation of all ordinary pursuits—the shop has been quiet and the voice of traffic still, while a great people came together to attest their devotion to their beloved country. The man on a small salary, he who sweeps offices and stores—the hardy day laborer, have all didn't refuse more assisting the nasal nine o'clock signal gun at night.

Our pickets, who are out night and day, get but a momentary sight of a screen, and are actually "spiling" for the want of a little exercise in the way of loading and discharging their pieces at the latter named individuals.

With the exception of our noble corps of surgeons, who, we regret to say, find so much to do as to be constantly employed, and the clerks who are detailed at the various head quarters, not a soul in camp seems to have the least employment; and were it not that morning drills are now in operation among the various regiments, our troops would be actually suffering for the want of something to do.

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IMPROVED RATIONS.

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Freight that vessel with our wives and little ones, our friends and kindred, our families, our homes, our church gifts, our fathers' sepulchres and then tell those who came with the life boat through the surf and watched all the night on the beach that it was a pleasure excursion they were invited, and that the boat that saved them was government property, and therefore no contribution could be expected of them for the families whose fathers found a watery grave in the rescue.

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IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON.

Interview of the New York Enlistment Committee with the President and the Secretary of War.

General Halleck Charged with the Duty of Considering the Suggestion of the Committee.

[From the N. Y. Eve. Post, July 31st.]

The delegation from the committee on national affairs, which visited Washington to urge upon the President of the United States and the war department the importance of making some changes in the mode of recruiting in this city, by which the enlistment in old regiments would be advanced, returned this morning.

It will be remembered that the committee consisted of Judge James W. White, chairman, Messrs. Charles King, William Curtis Noyes, Councilman Orton, Chas. Gould and John Austin Stevens, Jr.

The committee called upon the secretary of war on Tuesday, and were engaged by him for some hours in a long conversation. They were impressed with the patriotism, directness of purpose and single mindedness of this important officer of the government, and the energy with which the movements of the department were directed.

They found him alive to the pressing importance of every step which the committee sought to advance.

The suggestions for his consideration, which were adopted by the committee, were favorably received by the secretary, who distinctly stated his anxiety to promote enlistments in the old regiments. He stated that he had received a communication from Governor Morgan, saying that he was using his utmost endeavors to promote such recruiting in preference to the formation of new regiments, and he felt that he could hardly interfere without in the first place informing himself as to what the governor had done, that he would do by direct communication with the governor. He intimated that Major Sprague had been appointed at the request of governor Morgan, and presumed that the recommendation of the governor would meet the concurrence of that officer.

The secretary considered the suggestions as wise and telling, and calculated to promote the object in view, and engaged to give them his immediate attention. On the subject of a draft was then discussed, and the committee—though without any authority to recommend such course as the action of their constituent body—expressed themselves unanimously in favor of the naming of an early day when a draft should be made on such States as had not completed their quota. The 18th August was the day named. The Secretary expressed himself decidedly in favor of a draft, as a measure falling with equal weight upon all sections and classes of the community.

The president said that the reports from the States of the volunteering under the call were favorable, and that he had just received a telegram from Michigan that the quota of that State was already filled. He was not adverse to a draft should the necessity arise or delay occur in completing the quota under the call.

The committee then presented to the president an engrossed copy of the resolutions adopted by the national committee of ten, on the subject of a more stringent policy, pursuant to their presentation with an account of the constitutional bodies, and the origin of the resolutions themselves, and distinctly stating the views they entertained and the large majority of the committee of ten, but undertook to express no other opinion than their own.

The president stated his views at some length, and the committee were fully impressed with the feeling that the president was guided in his action by no consideration of tenderness to rebels, but rather of regard to general policy; and he supported his opinions with facts and many interesting illustrations.

The committee were satisfied that the policy of the president is clearly progressive and not retrogressive. Returning to the war department, the committee found the secretary with General Halleck and General Buraside—the suggestions were placed in the hands of Gen. Halleck, whose views we will be those of every officer of rank with whom the committee had conference, were strongly in favor of enlistment into old regiments by volunteering, or by draft if requisite. General Halleck was charged with the duty of examining how far it would be practicable to reconcile the suggestions urged with the present system.

The committee were entertained on Tuesday evening by Mr. Secretary Chase, and paid their respects to Mr. Secretary Seward on Wednesday morning.

The committee returned fully satisfied that the authorities at Washington were alive to the importance of the object desired, and ready to do all in their power to promote it.

FROM GEN. McCLELLAN'S ARMY.

The Rebels About—Capture of Spies.

[Correspondence of the Phil. Inquirer.]

IN CAMP, HARRISON'S LANDING, Va., July 30, 1862.

In reiterating the expression which has been the heading of our letters for the past ten days or two, viz: "All quiet at our encampment on the James River," we are but stating existing facts.

Never, at least in the experience of those who have been with this portion of our grand army since the breaking out of this accursed rebellion, has it been as dull, as quiet, and, I might with truth add, as lazy as at the present time.

With the exception of the little affair which we wrote you of yesterday, in which a party of our cavalry, while on picket were driven in and our worthy butchers experienced a scare, for a week past not a single shot or gun has been brought into camp, causing the usual nine o'clock signal gun at night.

Our pickets, who are out night and day, get but a momentary sight of a screen, and are actually "spiling" for the want of a little exercise in the way of loading and discharging their pieces at the latter named individuals.

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THE INDIAN EXPEDITION.

The Indian Regiments at Grand Saline—other Forces Pushing Back—Position of Places in the Indian Territory—The Rebel Indians Under Col. Cooper at Fort Davis—Pike at Perry Depot—No Enemy in the Creek or Canadian Countries.

[From the Leavenworth Conservative, 31st.]

Dr. Gilpatrick, brigade surgeon, arrived here yesterday from the Indian expedition. He left John Ross on Wednesday, the 23d inst., at Park Hill, on the Illinois river, eighteen miles from Fort Gibson, and five miles from Tahlequah. He has had three interviews with Ross, whom he describes as a very intelligent man now nearly eighty years old.

The three regiments of loyal Indians are at Grand Saline, on Grand River, thirty-three miles this side of Fort Gibson. Tae third or "mpromptu" regiment, is under Col. Wm. Phillips, numbers, 1,200 men, and consists, as we have already published, entirely of Indians who have come over to our side, principally from Col. Stand Waitie's rebel regiment, with their arms and horses since the expedition reached that country. This advance section of the force is short of supplies and may have to fall back, although such a result would be calamitous to our cause. It is commanded by Col. Harnal of the 1st Indian regiment. A section of Allen's Battery is left with this force. It is the opinion of our informant that in case of the retreat of the Indian regiments, thousands of women and children will follow them to Kansas. Nine-tenths of the Cherokees are committed to our cause. If they are left before the rebel force is dispersed, they will seek safety in following the Union troops. The Indian regiments are variously equipped, but willing and desiring to meet the enemy and "fight it out."

Sixty-three miles this side of Fort Gibson is the command of Lieut. Col. Averit, which consists of the 6th, 10th and a part of the 9th Kansas regiments, and two sections of Allen's battery.

Col. Salomon's command was eight miles this side of the latter, and consisted of the 2nd Ohio Cavalry, 9th Wisconsin and Hall's Battery. The command of this force is now under the command of Lieut. Col. Jewell (all the white troops) are expected to be at Hudson's Crossing

GROCERIES.

...eavy arrivals bought before late advances.

500 Hhds. Sugar,
POTO RICO AND NEW ORLEANS
800 Bbls. Refined Sugars,
1,000 Bags Coffee,
1,000 Chests Tea,
2,000 Caddies Tobacco,
3,000 Dozen Pails,
650 Dozen Tubs.

—ALSO—

A full stock of everything wanted by Grocers.

...N LARGE OR SMALL LOTS,
FOR SALE AT THE
...OWEST MARKET PRICE
—BY—
..., DAY, ALLEN & CO.,
...4 & 46 South Water Street.

[6a1 1866 3m]

SMITH BROTHERS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
43 South Water street, Chicago,
Have constantly on hand a large and complete assortment of
SUGARS, COFFEES,
Syrups, Tobacco, Molasses, Teas,
WOODEN WARE, CORDAGE, &c,
All of which will be sold Very Low for Cash.

MARCELLUS B. SMITH, late of Smith, Pollard & Co.
WALTER W. SMITH,
A. JUDSON SMITH, Smith, Pollard & Co.
[jel-cod6m]

BLACKBURN BROTHERS
WHOLESALE
LEATHER AND HIDE STORE,
46 Lake Street, Chicago,

We beg to inform our customers that we have completed our new partnership arrangements, and are now receiving a new and complete stock of all kinds of
LEATHER AND SHOE FINDINGS,
of prime quality, to which we invite the attention of Shoe and Harness Makers. Our entire stock will be at the lowest market prices.

BLACKBURN BROS.,
G. BLACKBURN. [lyl4-s615-3m] J. P. BLACKBURN.

POLLARD & DOANE,
Successors to Smith, Pollard & Co.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
189 & 191 South Water street, Chicago.
J. W. POLLARD. [my21-r290-3m] C. G. DOANE

Sewing Machines.

THE ORIGINAL
HOWE
Sewing Machines.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1846, IMPROVED IN 1865]
Manufactured by
A. B. HOWE,
Brother of ELIAS HOWE, JR., the original inventor and patentee of the
HOWE SEWING MACHINE,
And from which all other Sewing Machines derive their vitality, and to whom all others pay a License.

The Howe Machine is the only one that has attained a reputation sufficient to stand the test of time, and fully perform the promises of the inventor in advance of its introduction. Its perfect adaptation to family use, and manufacturing purposes, both as to range of work and ease of management, is attested by the universal popularity it has attained to as sewing, of any machine now in use.

Improved Howe Sewing Machine,

And having more dressing of stitches, greater strength of needles, no more trouble in sewing the finest muslin or the heaviest cloth, than any other machine in the world, and a machine that is warranted not to get out of order for one year.

Agents wanted in Ohio and other Western and Southern States, where not already supplied. Circulars containing full description of machine, can be had on application, or sent by mail.

A. B. HOWE,
Sewing Machine Depot,
No. 277 Lake street, Chicago.
Also, for sale by
H. P. STANLEY, Agent for Illinois,
Post office address Hinsdale.

...ST LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF NEW YORK.
...Office in the State of New York, New York.
...Company was duly organized in the State of New York in the late call of the Superintendent, on the 30th day of June, 1865, at which time the Company was found to be entitled to the same license to do business for the year ending the 30th day of June, 1866, and that the same has been duly issued to the Company. No. 91 Broadway, New York City.
G. GOODRICH, Agent,
No. 3 Clark street, Chicago, Ill.

...ual Life Ins. Co.,
OF NEW YORK.
...ELEN K WINSTON, President.
CASH ASSETS JULY 1, 1866,
$3,500,000.
PAID CLAIMS BY DEATH,
$1,000,000.
...ESTIMATE AMOUNT OF DIVIDENDS,
$3,600,000.
...ds to be paid in cash during the year ending 1st day of July, 1867,
$1,593,731.31.
...ed, Safest and Cheapest Company. Assets ...
...Policies not necessary, as the Company ...
...ers very favorable terms for such waiver. All Policies upon the participating plan have been paid

The Tribune.

MONDAY, AUGUST 4, 1862.

THE CITY.

☞ We would call attention to Mr. Dow's advertisement in to-day's paper, for a tenant or housekeeper. It is a rare opportunity.

A MUNIFICENT DONATION.—George Smith, Esq., the well known banker, has subscribed to the Board of Trade fund, the handsome sum of 1,000. Mr. S. upon a former occasion presented a sum of similar amount.

HELD TO BAIL.—Charles Piper, one of the Bridgeport rioters, was examined in the Police Court yesterday, and held to bail in the sum of $1,000 for his appearance at the Recorder's Court.

MILITARY BOOKS.—" U. S. Infantry Tactics," "Army Regulations," "Artillery Drill," &c., &c., are always on sale by John R. Walsh, corner Madison street and Custom House Place.

A WATCHMAN KILLED.—On Wednesday night a watchman in the employ of the Galena & Chicago Railroad at Nachusa station, was run over by a passenger train while asleep at his post and instantly killed.

PRESERVATION.—H. W. Phillips of the Board of Trade Battery, was made the recipient of an elegant pair of Colt's revolvers, on Saturday last, at the hands of many of his friends.

FILLING UP.—The several companies now being enlisted in the city are fast filling up, and will probably be full in ten days. Capt. Chester's company numbers eighty men, and other organizations are receiving additions daily.

RESIGNATIONS ACCEPTED.—The resignations of Col. Joseph Scott and Adjutant Chauncey Miller, of the Nineteenth Illinois Regiment, have been accepted. Col. Scott arrived in the city on Saturday night, in excellent health.

OFF FOR CORINTH.—Sergeant Hearst of Co. B, Chicago Light Artillery, leaves for his company on Tuesday, the 5th. Any small packages or letters for his company, he will take it left at the TRIBUNE office or at 122 Fourth avenue, before nine o'clock Tuesday morning.

CAPTURED.—We regret to learn that Col. Roger Fowler, of this city, whose residence is on West Randolph street near Sangamon, and who was recently an extensive hay contractor at Cairo, was captured by the rebels on the Government transport Sallie Woods, above Vicksburg.

☞ Lieutenant H. B. Wager of company A, 12th Illinois volunteers, will leave for Corinth on Monday, August 4th, to join his command. The friends of any persons in the regiments about Corinth will have packages delivered by leaving them at this office before noon of Monday.

RUNAWAY.—About dark Saturday evening, the proprietor of a confectionery shop on Clark street, a few doors from Madison, was thrown from a buggy on North Clark street and seriously injured. One of the legs were broken, and he received other severe internal injuries, from which it is feared he may not recover.

HORSE THIEF.—Orrin Teed was examined at the Police Court Saturday afternoon on the charge of stealing a horse worth $80 from Jacob Lies, who resides at Dutchman's Point, Northfield, in this county. The horse was sold to Morris Hennessy, 674 State street. The prisoner was held to bail in the sum of $1,200 for his appearance at the Recorder's Court.

THE IRISH REGIMENT.—We understand that already Col. Snowbook has gathered around him the nucleus of this regiment. He has had offers of four companies from the country and is preparing to open one or two recruiting offices in the city. There is little doubt that before thirty days the regiment will rendezvous at Camp Douglas.

THE BAROMETER INSTEAND.—This is one of the very best inventions we have yet seen. It is simple and yet arranged on a truly scientific principle, and its qualities are such that it will pay for itself in a year by the saving of ink alone. Munson, the stationer, at 140 Lake street, has in fact he keeps everything in the way of blank books and stationery that anybody can think of.

PATRIOTIC.—Alfred L. Sewell, of the firm of Dunlop, Sewell & Spalding, a day or two since offered five dollars to any man who would enlist from the boarding house where he boards. Three boarders enlisted, Trumbull D. Griffin, M. H. Sallsbury and Andrew Baskerville, to whom Mr. Sewell paid five dollars each Saturday, after the Board of Trade Battery was sworn in.

METEOROLOGICAL.—The following is the state of the thermometer for the week ending July 19th, as kept by E. L. O'Hara, Apothecary and Pharmaceutist, No. 39 West Randolph corner of Canal street, Chicago:

	7 A. M.	12 M.	6 P. M.
Sunday, " 97	97	98	83
Monday, " 98	77	86	75
Tuesday, " 99	79	78	75
Wednesday, " 30	74	85	74
Thursday, " 31	74	80	75
Friday, Aug. 1	74	86	76
Saturday, " 2	74	80	75

INCENDIARISM.—At half past ten o'clock Saturday morning one of the large ice houses on the South Branch, near Old street, belonging to the Chicago Ice Company, was destroyed by fire. After the fire had done its work, another ice house belonging to the same company was also destroyed. Both of these fires were the work of incendiaries. No estimate has yet been made of the loss. The Chicago Oil Works had a narrow escape, the roof being several times in a blaze.

BIRTH OF TWINS ON BOARD THE CARS.—A woman from Hannibal, Missouri, gave birth to twins on board a train of cars on the Chicago, Alton & St. Louis Railroad, Saturday, at Elkhart, Illinois. Quite a sensation was produced among the passengers and all hands. Conductor Brickley conducted himself in a fatherly manner, and he and Mr. Denman, the mail agent, gave the mother every needful attention under the peculiar circumstances. She and the babes were removed to a house at Elkhart, and when the train left, they were doing "as well as could be expected."

LARCENY AS BAILEE.—Cornelius Driscoll was held to bail in $500 for larceny as bailee, at the Police Court on Saturday afternoon. The circumstances of the larceny are briefly these: On Monday last Driscoll was arraigned for larceny and discharged. When arrested, a quantity of money was found upon him, which after his discharge, the officer handed him as he supposed. Instead of one package, he gave the prisoner two, tied together, one of which contained tea or twelve dollars belonging to some other prisoner, which it was alleged the prisoner appropriated. Driscoll denied the charge, but the magistrate thought proper to hold him in the above sum for his appearance.

THE NEW YORK AND ILLINOIS HOOP SKIRT MANUFACTORY.—It will be seen by our advertising columns, L. Trager, the proprietor of the above establishment, has removed his branch from 155 Lake street, to 120 North Clark street, for the benefit of North Side customers. We are glad to learn that Mr. Trager is doing a handsome business. His large stock and the excellent character of his goods have already driven several competitors out of the field. The excellence of his goods must always command an immense patronage, a fact evidenced by the crowd of ladies visiting his South Side store at 79 Clark street. We cordially recommend him also to North Side customers.

A MELANCHOLY CASUALTY.—We regret to learn that Lloyd Glover, Esq., Agent of the National Bank Note Company, N. Y., was instantly killed at the Summit on Saturday, while hunting with a friend, W. N. Brainard, commission merchant of this city, by the accidental discharge of his gun. At the time of the accident he was about getting into a boat. Before doing so he reached his gun over into the boat, with the muzzle towards him. The lock caught upon the gun-wale, discharging the piece and sending the contents into his heart. He expired almost immediately. The body has been brought to this city and is now lying at the house of E. A. Gage, Esq., 157 West Washington street, where it may be seen by his numerous friends.

The deceased was about thirty-six years of age and leaves two children living in New York City. He was a practical engraver by profession, and at the time of his death was a member and traveling agent of the Bank Note Company mentioned above. He was a thoroughly and faithful business man and a most accomplished and amiable gentleman. His sudden and melancholy death will carry grief into a large circle of friends both in this city, New York and Boston, in which latter city he resided many years.

REVIEW OF TROOPS AT CAMP DOUGLAS.

Speeches of Gov. Yates and Others.

SECESSION IN DISGUISE REBUKED.

Saturday afternoon, according to previous arrangement, Gov. Yates visited Camp Douglas, and formally addressed the two regiments of three months' men quartered there. The review took place on the former camp ground of the 67th regiment, a short distance from the enclosure, and was witnessed by a large number of citizens who went thither for that purpose. In company with Hon. Solomon Wilson, Rev. Dr. Evarts, Chaplain of the 66th, and a few other civilians, His Excellency left the Sherman House soon after dinner and proceeded in private carriages, towards Camp Douglas. On arriving at Cottage Grove avenue, the party was met by a military escort, consisting of Lieut. Col. Pickett, and Major Smith of the 66th; Lieut. Col. Oakley, and Major Haskell, of the 67th. Here the entire party were soon mounted, and then proceeded to the place of review, arriving at which they were greeted with a national salute, fired by Miller's Battery, and three rousing cheers from the soldiers drawn up in line to receive them. These consisted of the 66th regiment, in command of Col. Tucker, and the 67th, in command of Col. Hough, and Miller's Battery, formerly attached to the 1st Illinois regiment of artillery.

Dr. McVicker, post surgeon at Camp Douglas, came forward and made a few remarks personal to the governor, and highly entertaining to all who were present. The doctor although in brief but appropriate terms, to the gallantry of Illinois soldiers, and to the heroic manner in which, on many a hard fought field, they had reflected honor upon our noble State, and performed efficient service for the government which they were sworn to defend. He also paid a well deserved compliment to Gov. Yates, for his arduous and self-sacrificing labors for the welfare of our State troops. The speaker had been opposed to the governor, politically, but in this crisis he could strike hands with any and every man who was earnestly endeavoring to crush out the rebellion. He would stand by the Chief Executive of the State, in all honest efforts to bring this war to a successful issue. He felt proud to know that Illinois had such a noble governor as the present incumbent had shown himself to be.

The speaker then introduced Governor Yates, who delivered a short but soul-stirring speech, which was received with vociferous cheers. The Governor said he felt himself unworthy of the unequivocal compliments bestowed upon him by the Doctor. He was proud of being the executive officer of such a State as Illinois—a State that could turn out such valliant soldiers as she had furnished, by tens of thousand for the war. The bravery and efficiency of Illinois troops had been amply demonstrated, at Belmont, Fort Donelson, Pittsburg, and elsewhere. No more gallant soldiers could be found in the whole federal army than were those from this State. He was pleased to observe the soldierly bearing presented by the columns before him; they were evidently making rapid advancement in the military art, and already appeared more like experienced veterans than new recruits. They must learn practice. He should like to see them all enlist for the war. He could not now offer them any further bounty than was to be given by the federal government. Yet he was ready to say that when our State Legislature again convened, he would use his official and personal influence in inducing that body to pass an act giving to every volunteer from Illinois *one hundred dollars bounty*; and he did not believe any member would dare vote against such a measure.

The Governor's remarks were loudly applauded, both by soldiers and civilians. After witnessing some further movements by the troops—which were performed with the precision of men long practiced in military tactics—the Governor and suite rode within the camp, and spent some time in examining the barracks and other accompaniments of the secession prison.

During this part of the proceeding, a little incident occurred which serves to indicate the malicious feelings yet rankling in the bosoms of the treacherous "butternuts" in camp. As the Governor and party were passing by a large crowd of rebel prisoners, near the "White Oak," two of the chivalrous individuals had the affrontery to cry out, "Hurrah for Jeff. Davis;" and d——n the men that oppose him!" In a moment, Col. Tucker ordered the entire crowd to be put under arrest. They were then marched to headquarters, where the Colonel demanded to know which were the offenders, declaring that unless they immediately made themselves known, the whole party would be dealt with as if guilty. This had the desired effect. Two fellows who belong to one of the Tennessee regiments, confessed that they were the offenders, whereupon they were sent to the "White Oak," and to-day will be sentenced to suffer such punishment as the military authorities may deem just and necessary.

The Board of Trade and the Rebel Battery.

By a resolution recently passed by the Board of Trade, to inquire into the report that there were traitors in our midst, a committee was appointed to make such inquiries. This committee this morning reported as follows:

MR. T. C. Wheeler, President of the Board of Trade: Your committee appointed for the purpose of Dunlap and ask Col. Tucker for the names of citizens supposed to be rebels, or sympathizers with rebels, (which information Col. Tucker declined to give, give,) have attended to that duty and beg leave to report, that after a full interview with Colonel Tucker, we have not been able to obtain any information that I tangible enough to act upon. Colonel Tucker informs us that he has no information criminating individuals, but has no doubt that there are citizens of our city who are lowering the Camp Douglas with a view of assisting the prisoners to escape or otherwise aid them. Still he (in his kind-hearted manner) has come to the conclusion that the responsibility of causing their arrest or furnishing their names to your committee.

Respectfully submitted,
I. Y. MUNN,
M. C. STEARNS.

And yet Col. Tucker said to two of our reporters in the course of conversation immediately succeeding the rebel escapade—"Sirs!" (pointing to some letters) "These are letters in that pile which contain damning evidence against many of our first citizens. The city would stand appalled, and the development would fall like a thunderbolt." It seems to us, yet, that the said thunderbolt had better fall. The city will stand the argument.

Gen. Sigel—He Wants a New German Hecker Regiment from Illinois.

From a letter in yesterday's *Staats Zeitung*, written by Major General Sigel to his father-in-law, Dr. Dulon, in New York city, we take the following:

"Perhaps it might be possible that companies or regiments now organizing could be induced to join the army division now under my command. I hear that Col. Peissner is already authorized in New York State to raise a regiment. If it can be done, I shall be glad to have it attached to our division. The same wish I expressed in the case of Hecker, now organizing a regiment in Illinois.

We do not deem it improper in a State that General Sigel expressed in a letter to his old friend, Col. Hecker, the sincere desire to have in his division the new Hecker regiment now organizing in this State under his command, and that the Colonel accepted this offer with the greatest enthusiasm. We doubt not Gov. Yates would accede to the request, if granted by the War Department, to have the brave Illinois boys under the command of so tried an officer as Gen. Sigel. Our German fellow-citizens cannot express better their love and admiration for their distinguished countryman than in joining speedily the new regiment of Colonel Hecker.

In Explanation.

In reference to the remark imputed to an employee in Capt. Christopher's office Saturday, in conversation, a full examination of the facts satisfies us that the expression was used by another person than the one by us referred to, and as explained is satisfactorily shorn of the disloyal interpretation at first given to it. The speaker in fact was one whose loyalty to the Government is unimpeached, and the parties to whom the remark was made were perfectly satisfied with the explanation and have been sworn into the service. This will not be understood to refer to our comments otherwise made in Saturday's issue.

The Union Park S. S. Excursion.

Through the kindness of the Galena Company's officers, the Excursion train for Tuesday, on the Milwaukee Railroad, will run up to the corner of Reuben and Kinzie streets to take the children and friends of the Union Park Baptist Sabbath School on board. The train will leave there at 8:30, and the Milwaukee Railroad Depot at nine o'clock, for Forest Bay Grove. All who wish to go with these good people will please bear in mind the day and date. Tickets fifty and twenty-five cents. See advertisement.

CRICKET.—The Ziegari Cricket Club have at length received their importation of bats, etc., and will immediately commence practice on their grounds near Bull's Head. The first game was played on Saturday afternoon.

DIRECT TRADE WITH NORWAY.

Arrival of the Norwegian Bg'q Sleipner.

PARTICULARS OF THE VOYAGE.

Saturday was a memorable day in the commercial annals of Chicago, and marked by an event which would seem to foreshadow the establishment of another branch of direct trade between Chicago and foreign countries. Six years ago, the little schooner Dean Richmond left this port for Europe. She was the first lake schooner to unfurl her sails upon the Atlantic, made an unparalleled trip, and safely furled her sails in the Mersey. Since that time, vessels from this and other lake ports have followed in her wake, and made profitable voyages. In each of these cases the idea was inaugurated by American shippers; the venture was of their own assumption, and their own purses were to be swelled or diminished.

In this instance, the risk is assumed by our trans-Atlantic neighbors. The merchants of that stirring business port—Bergen, Norway, with an enterprise unexpected, and a spirit of speculation keenly alive to the main chance, fitted out a staunch and neat little brig, loaded her with sturdy Norwegian farmers and their bouncing wives and daughters to seek new homes in the distant West, and put on board a few fat Norwegian herrings to pay the expenses of the voyage, bidding the captain keep right on until he got to Chicago, fill up with wheat and corn and come home again. The feat is accomplished. The profits will be calculated by the Scandinavian merchants of Bergen, when the brave little brig gets home again.

Apart from the commercial surroundings of this eventful voyage there is something particularly interesting connected with the Sleipner and her trip. Scarce twenty-five years ago, the turbid Chicago stream was divided only by the birchen keels of the Indian canoes, or mayhap by some little craft which actually dared to go over to St. Joseph after a mail. To-day, a handsome little brig—a perfect gem of naval architecture—has made the voyage from distant Norway, and dropped in upon us almost before we were aware the little stranger was in our waters. Possibly an arrival from the Moon might have created more astonishment than this Norwegian built craft, with Norwegian captain and crew, talking in strange tongue, and crowded with light haired Scandinavians—a sight almost as novel to us as was the redoubtable Peter Wilkins to to the Flying Indians. We can appreciate the curiosity of our citizens and still more the delight with which our Norwegian residents rushed to the Sleipner's sides and hailed this messenger from Fatherland.

Immediately upon her arrival, our reporter boarded her and obtained the following interesting facts:

About two o'clock Saturday afternoon the Norwegian brig Sleipner, whose expected arrival direct from Bergen, Norway, had been previously announced in all the papers, made her appearance in the offing, attended by the tug Monitor. The brig was gaily decorated with national flags and signals, the Stars and Stripes flying from her fore-top. About four o'clock the booming of cannon announced that she was about to enter the harbor, and presently crowds began to gather on the docks each side of the river, and on the bridges—wherever a full view of the vessel could be had. Shortly after, the music of a Norwegian air was heard over the water, and then the brig herself was seen, gaily decorated with flags of all nations, moving up the river in tow of the Monitor. The casting off of her line, and her fastening to the Galena railroad dock, was the signal for enthusiastic cheers and shouts of welcome on the part of the spectators, which were joyfully returned by the passengers and crew. The crowd rushed to the side of the vessel and attempted to board her, but the efforts of the crew and the police effectually prevented any considerable influx of visitors.

After order was restored, Dr. Paoli welcomed the Captain to Chicago in a speech of considerable length, and presented him with a splendid set of colors, in behalf of the Scandinavian residents of Chicago, to which he replied with modesty and effect, judging from the applause he received at the conclusion of his remarks. After these ceremonies were over, the captain and a few of his principal dogsecended to the cabin and broke a bottle of wine in honor of the opening of direct communication with Norway.

The Sleipner is a thermaprodite brig of about three hundred and fifty tons burthen, commanded by Capt. Waage, and first officer Hardler. She left Bergen, Norway on the 2d of May, with one hundred and fifty passengers, and two hundred barrels of herring, consigned to Swana & Synestvedt, 115 Kinzie street. The vessel arrived at Quebec on the 6th of July, where she remained until the 12th. She then started for the Lakes, and arrived at Montreal on the 11th; passed through the Welland Canal on the 21st, and reached Detroit on the 25th. There she left 40 passengers, and started for Lake Michigan, arriving at this port Saturday evening as above indicated. The health of the passengers during the voyage was excellent—not a death occurred on the passage, and no sickness. Soon after they reached Lake Erie, a child was born to one of the passengers.

The Sleipner is the first European vessel which has ever reached this port direct, with emigrants and consignments. The sending of the vessel is an experiment on the part of the merchants of Bergen, and it is yet too early to determine whether it will prove successful or otherwise. She takes a return cargo of grain. If successful on her homeward trip, our merchants may reasonably expect a large accession of direct trade with the countries of Northern Europe.

Of the passengers, but few remain in Chicago, the most intending to locate in Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota.

Capt. Jennings and squad, who manned the guns which saluted the Sleipner, and fired in excellent style, were also invited into the cabin and appropriately *feted* by Capt. Waage and his officers.

Capt. Holden's Company.

We are requested to print the following letter, which speaks for itself:

PEABODY, WISE CO., ILL., July 31, 1862.

Editor Chicago Tribune:

DEAR SIR—I see by an article in your paper that L. P. Holden of the 20th Illinois Infantry, has been commissioned to raise a company of infantry in your city, and it gives me pleasure to know that his soldierly qualities have been appreciated by our country and by the State.

I have known Capt. Holden for nearly fourteen years. During the past year I have served with him in Missouri, Kentucky, and Tennessee. At the battle of Fort Donelson he faced with unflinching bravery, a storm of rebelbullets that in a few minutes killed and disabled half of our company. At Shiloh he was equally courageous. He has been trained in the best of all schools—the school of experience. Judging the future by my experience of the past, I am certain he will make a most trustworthy and efficient officer; and I would earnestly advise those of our citizens intending to enlist to go with Capt. Holden, and they will not regret the choice; for I have been shoulder to shoulder with him in battle, and know him to be a good soldier and a gentleman—free from that domineering spirit so prevalent among those in command, and always attending to the wants of his fellow soldiers.

He has served his country bravely and faithfully during the past fifteen months, and I hope he will soon be enabled to assist his present engaged capacity. Let him be furnished with a company of good and faithful men and he will give a good account of them and himself.

I would still be considered a citizen of this place and ready to enlist in the service of their country, and if it should meet your approval I would be much pleased to have you insert it in your excellent paper.

Yours, respectfully,
JOSEPH S. STEPHEN,
Of Co. F, 88th Ill.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—*Before Judge Thomas Drummond*—Yesterday: Sherman W. Taylor, et al., vs. Henry V. Boalier et al.—Complainant's bill; on motion of complainant's solicitor an extension of time to October 1st to take proofs, and examine defendants, and the same to be taken before the master or before P. A. Hoyne, Esq., as special master for this purpose. No. 581—Chancery—Lewis Tappan vs. Charles J. Hosmer, et al.; Bill, Demurrer and Plea. No. 814—Chancery; William Lochridge et al vs. Joseph Medill et al. Bill taken as confessed as to complainants, leave given to examine defendant before P. A. Hoyne as special master, and with leave also to take the same before Wm. H. Wells, at St. Louis, Alton & Chicago Railroad Company's depot, at Alton, Ill., on giving proper notice. Wilson Greer, et al vs Hiram Joy, et al.—Chancery. On affidavit filed, on motion a writ of sequestration ordered to issue. Same case, Same vs. John M. Carter, &c., &c., on mortgage, and judgment for complainant. Same case, Same vs. Avery, et al vs. E. Bailey, et al. Assumpsit; plaintiff having applied for continuance, continued at plaintiff's costs. No. 892—Chancery; Nelson vs. Charles A. Eaton et al, Assumpsit, default and joint and several decree as to all. No. 873—Starkie vs. W. Lewis, et al. Same order. No. 849—James W. Conrad, et al, vs. John S. Rosecrans, et al; assumpsit; after evidence, damages assessed at $599.35. No. 850—John Graff et al, vs. John L. Emmett, et al; same order. No. 851—Same vs. Same; damages assessed at $1,000. No. 866—Gerrit Conover vs. Francis Munson et al; assumpsit; defendant's plea withdrawn by leave of court, with leave to them to plead to their merits. No. 826—George C. Dunham, &c., vs. C. McGrahe et al; debt; plaintiff enters nol pros. to counts on notes, being the third and fourth counts.

The jury, in the UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT, were discharged for the term Saturday. On Monday motions pending for new trials, will be taken up, and the Court will probably adjourn by Wednesday.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

SATURDAY EVENING, August 2, 1862.

The money market is still without any change in its general aspects. Eastern exchange is in active request at ¼ per cent. buying and ¾ per cent. selling.

The gold market remains quiet. To-day in New York it opened at 113 and closed at 113¼. Here the buying rate was 113½, and selling, 115.

COMMERCIAL.

SATURDAY EVENING, August 2, 1862.

RECEIPTS FOR LAST TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Bar.
	bbls.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.
Canal	200	17,000	1,000	2,000	2,000	1,000
GALENA	90	1,200	1,000	6,000	600	
RIVER	45	1,000	800	1,000	1,700	
MICHIGAN	1,000	11,000	10,000	6,000	2,000	1,000
CHICAGO	200	4,000	30,000	20,000	200	
CENTRAL	200	4,000	30,000	20,000	200	
GALENA	200	4,000	30,000	20,000	200	
ALTON	200	4,000	30,000	20,000	200	
ALBANY	200	4,000	30,000	20,000	200	
ALBANY	200	4,000	30,000	20,000	200	
Total	2,000	50,000	150,000	100,000	5,000	2,000

SHIPMENTS BY LAKE, LAST TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Bar'y.
	bbls.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.
To Buffalo		63,000	138			9,000
To Kingston	10,000					
To Goderich			10,000			
To Collingw'd	600		1,000	1,000		
To other ports			500			
Total	600	10,000	11,000	500		9,000

SHIPMENTS BY LAKE—AUGUST 2.

	Receipts.		Receipts.	
Lumber, &c.	1,138,000	Posts, &c.	10,000	700
Shingles, no.	625,000		Shipments.	
Timber, ft.	25,000	Flour, bbls.		5,000
Flat, bds.		Wheat, bu.		20,075
Wood, cds.	200	Corn, bu.		138,775
Staves, no.	120,000	Oats, bu.		3,045
Barley, bu.	500	Hides, no.		1,000
Coal, tons	500			
Salt, brls.	7715			

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS BY CANAL—AUG. 1.

	Receipts.		Receipts.	
Flour, bu.	300	Lard, lbs.		750
Wheat, bu.	98		Shipments.	
Corn, bu.	76,310	Lumber, ft.		92,383
Oats, bu.	5,500	Shing'es, m.		50,000
Rye, bu.	3,315	Lath, pcs.		3,000
Barley, bu.	7,690	Salt, brls.		1,000

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS BY CANAL—AUG. 2.

	Receipts.		Receipts.	
Flour, bu.	370	Lard, lbs.		750
Wheat, bu.	98		Shipments.	
Corn, bu.	76,310	Lumber, ft.		92,383
Oats, bu.	5,500	Shing'es, m.		50,000
Rye, bu.	3,315	Lath, pcs.		3,000
Barley, bu.	7,690	Salt, brls.		1,000

There was a good attendance on 'Change to-day, but business of all kinds was quiet, as is usual on Saturday's.

The Flour market opened very firm, with a strong upward tendency; but less favorable news from New York caused a depression in the feeling and the market closed quiet and weaker, with sales of about 10,000 bushels, at 90@$1.00 for No. 3 Spring; $1.00@$1.05 for No. 2 Spring; $1.05@$1.10 for Red; 95@$1.05 for Amber Iowa; 92@$1.05 for No. 1 Spring; 88@$1.05 for No. 2 Spring, and 70c for Rejected Spring—the market closing at 92@$1.05 for No. 1 Spring.

The Flour market was dull and heavy, with light sales at $3.20@$3.75 for White Winter extras, and $4 00@$4.87½ for Spring extras.

There was a good demand for corn at the opening, but after the New York news the market closed at a decline of about 1c per bu, with sales of about 200,000 bushels at 41@42½c for Rive Mixed; 42@43½c for River No. 2 and River Rejected Afloat; 30@30½c for Mixed in store; and 29@31½c for Rejected in store—the market closing quiet

Oats were in good demand, and firmer to-day—with sales at 40@50c. Highwines were in demand at 27c, at which price we quote sales of 800 brls.

Freights were dull and low, with engagements at 10c for corn to Buffalo, and 14½c for corn to Oswego.

PROMPT.—On the 10th of July, N. K. Whitney, Esq., of this city, insured a cargo of corn on board the schooner S. G. Ashrop, with the Security Insurance Company, for $8,100. On the 17th the vessel and cargo was lost on Lake Erie; and on the 30th, Mr. Whitney received a sight draft on H. C. Walker, agent at Buffalo, for the amount. Such promptness is commendable.

The Harvest and the Crops.

WEST JERSEY, Ill., July 30, 1862.

Editor Chicago Tribune:

SIR: In almost every number of your paper I read glowing accounts of the harvest in different parts of the State; that "the crops are heavy," "the yield will be far above the average," &c. This may be all correct, but certainly in this section the crops are very poor. I am acquainted with the country from Geneseo to Peoria, and have never seen so poor a prospect. A few fields I have seen that will, no doubt, yield well, but they are like angels visits. I know of fifty acres on one farm that will not be cut, because it is worthless. This does not get reported from bad farming, as the grain was put in well.

J. C. C.

Largest Raft on Record.

A very large raft of lumber passed down yesterday, from Saginaw, bound for Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo. It was the tugs J. F. Ward and John Martin. She was towed from Lake Huron by the tug John Martin, the tug Canadian, which also towed her up on going down. The raft measured seven cribs, amounting to three and a half millions feet of lumber. The cribs were 185 feet long and fifty feet wide each, making a total length of about 1,300 feet, and drew six and a half feet of water. The raft is owned by Mitchell of Cincinnati, Sanford of Cleveland, and Curtis & King of Saginaw City. It left Saginaw on Saturday, and encountered the storm on Lake Erie, but sailed safely before dashing ocean-ward and secure a position in this desirable branch of the service.

— Deputy Sheriff A. Brunning, at the Sheriff's office in this city, is now recruiting a company for the new Hecker Regiment for Sigel's army. We hope our German citizens will set a noble example to the rest of our citizens by filling up the new regiment p romptly.

— Recruiting officer McCarthy is recruiting a company for the Board of Trade Regiment. His headquarters are at 154 East Randolph street, and at his residence 196 West Harrison street.

Attention Volunteers.

I will give to each volunteer of the *first full company* in this city, (Battery) regimental district, ten dollars, to be paid on their being mustered into the United States service, in addition to the fifty dollars bounty from the State, the twenty-five dollars by the Government, the month's advance pay, thirteen dollars per month, and knowing the desire of every Christian in our city to the Union, I think it a duty to warn them, that they may not be found fighting old or *comfort* to any enemy of our country.

Very respectfully,
B. F. JACOBS,
Secretary War Committee Young Men's Christian Association.

☞ **War Claim Blanks** for sale at this office.—Widows' Declaration for Bounty and Arrears. Soldiers' Declaration for Bounty and Arrears. Officers' Certificate of Soldiers' Disability. Surgeons' Certificates of Soldiers' Disability. Invalid Pension Claims. Widows Declaration for Half-pay. Heirs Declaration for Bounty and Arrears. Application for Transfer of Pension. Application of Widow for Payment of Pension. Application of Invalid Pensioner for Payment of Pension. Claim for Horse and Equipments. Power of Attorney to Draw Soldier's Pay. Sent by mail, post paid, at seventy-five cents per quire.

Address
TRIBUNE OFFICE,
Chicago, Illinois.

MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK.—No. 8 Clark street, near South Water. This institution receives sums of one Dollar and upwards for saving. Gold and Exchange for sale. CHAS. T. BOUGE, Pres't.
L. E. ALEXANDER, Cashier.
aug3-3t. C. H. ATKINS, Sec'y.

☞ Solomon's Temple will open for exhibition on Monday, August 4th, at 2 o'clock, in Metropolitan Hall, where it will remain for a few days. Open from 9 a. m to 10 p. m. Admission 25 cents. For particulars see small bills. Lecture at 3½ and 8½ p. m. aug3-3t

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY.—Madame Cora James, the world renowned Life Reader, the Scientific Phrenologist and Astrologist, can be consulted on a l things pertaining to the Past, the Present and the Future. The mysterious lines which nature and fate have traced in the faces of all human beings can be read by her magic power. The deaf and dumb receive cribs, agonizing to three and a half millions feet of lumber. The cribs were 185 feet long and fifty feet wide each, making a total length of about 1,300 feet, and drew six and a half feet of water. The raft is owned by Mitchell of Cincinnati, Sanford of Cleveland, and Curtis & King of Saginaw City. It left Saginaw on Saturday, and encountered the storm on Lake Erie, but sailed safely before dashing ocean-ward and secure a position in this desirable branch of the service.

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B. F. JACOBS,
Secretary War Committee Young Men's Christian Association.

☞ **War Claim Blanks** for sale at this office.—Widows' Declaration for Bounty and Arrears. Soldiers' Declaration for Bounty and Arrears. Officers' Certificate of Soldiers' Disability. Surgeons' Certificates of Soldiers' Disability. Invalid Pension Claims. Widows Declaration for Half-pay. Heirs Declaration for Bounty and Arrears. Application for Transfer of Pension. Application of Widow for Payment of Pension. Application of Invalid Pensioner for Payment of Pension. Claim for Horse and Equipments. Power of Attorney to Draw Soldier's Pay. Sent by mail, post paid, at seventy-five cents per quire.

Address
TRIBUNE OFFICE,
Chicago, Illinois.

MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK.—No. 8 Clark street, near South Water. This institution receives sums of one Dollar and upwards for saving. Gold and Exchange for sale. CHAS. T. BOUGE, Pres't.
L. E. ALEXANDER, Cashier.
aug3-3t. C. H. ATKINS, Sec'y.

☞ Solomon's Temple will open for exhibition on Monday, August 4th, at 2 o'clock, in Metropolitan Hall, where it will remain for a few days. Open from 9 a. m to 10 p. m. Admission 25 cents. For particulars see small bills. Lecture at 3½ and 8½ p. m. aug3-3t

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY.—Madame Cora James, the world renowned Life Reader, the Scientific Phrenologist and Astrologist, can be consulted on a l things pertaining to the Past, the Present and the Future. The mysterious lines which nature and fate have traced in the faces of all human beings can be read by her magic power. The deaf and dumb receive cribs, agonizing to three and a half millions feet of lumber. The cribs were 185 feet long and fifty feet wide each, making a total length of about 1,300 feet, and drew six and a half feet of water. The raft is owned by Mitchell of Cincinnati, Sanford of Cleveland, and Curtis & King of Saginaw City. It left Saginaw on Saturday, and encountered the storm on Lake Erie, but sailed safely before dashing ocean-ward and secure a position in this desirable branch of the service.

— Deputy Sheriff A. Brunning, at the Sheriff's office in this city, is now recruiting a company for the new Hecker Regiment for Sigel's army. We hope our German citizens will set a noble example to the rest of our citizens by filling up the new regiment p romptly.

— Recruiting officer McCarthy is recruiting a company for the Board of Trade Regiment. His headquarters are at 154 East Randolph street, and at his residence 196 West Harrison street.

Attention Volunteers.

I will give to each volunteer of the *first full company* in this city, (Battery) regimental district, ten dollars, to be paid on their being mustered into the United States service, in addition to the fifty dollars bounty from the State, the twenty-five dollars by the Government, the month's advance pay, thirteen dollars per month, and knowing the desire of every Christian in our city to the Union, I think it a duty to warn them, that they may not be found fighting old or *comfort* to any enemy of our country.

Very respectfully,
B. F. JACOBS,
Secretary War Committee Young Men's Christian Association.

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